



**UNODC**

United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime

## Annex I

### Guidance Note

#### **Experiences, good practices and challenges in measuring corruption and the effectiveness of anti-corruption frameworks**

Measuring corruption and the effectiveness of anti-corruption frameworks can enhance our understanding of its causes, risks, consequences, and trends. It allows for the identification of gaps and weaknesses in legal and institutional frameworks and the monitoring and evaluation of the effectiveness of anti-corruption policies and actions and can thereby inform domestic policy responses.

Due to the hidden and often complex nature of corruption, measuring it poses various challenges. In addition to requiring financial and technical capacity to gather and analyse data, any measurement approaches need to take into account the specificities of geographic, sectoral and legal contexts.

In resolution 10/4, the Conference of the States Parties requests the United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime to collect information on good practices, lessons learned and challenges in measuring corruption and to collect data on methodologies and indicators for measuring corruption risks, trends and prevalence, as well as for assessing the effectiveness of their policies and actual measures to combat corruption.

Part 1 of this Annex contains dedicated questions regarding measuring the effectiveness of anti-corruption frameworks. In this respect, reference is made to the document “Good practices, lessons learned and challenges in periodically evaluating the efficiency and the effectivity of anti-corruption measures and policies” (CAC/COSP/WG.4/2023/2), which contains an analysis of the information submitted by 38 parties to the Convention and was presented to the 14<sup>th</sup> session of the Working Group in 2023. Parties are invited to send additional information regarding measuring the effectiveness of anti-corruption frameworks and may wish to consider using the questionnaire contained below.

Part 2 of the below questionnaire contains questions on the measurement of corruption.

The answers to the questionnaire will flow into an analytical paper to inform the discussions of the 15<sup>th</sup> session of the Working Group on Prevention. In addition, unless otherwise requested, the responses will be published as part of the creation of a repository of methodologies and indicators for measuring corruption risks, trends and prevalence in line with paragraph 8 of resolution 10/4.

#### **Part 1 – National experiences with assessing the effectiveness of anti-corruption frameworks**

1. Does your country have any mechanisms in place to assess the effectiveness of its legislative and/or institutional anti-corruption framework? Please briefly summarize the methodology, scope and frequency of the process as well as any specific tools your country uses.

Assessment of the effectiveness of the legislative anti-corruption framework

Methodology 1: Methodology for Assessment of the Implementation of the Regulation

Scope of the Methodology: Passed laws

Frequency: As planned by the competent ministry (Ministry of Justice) or as required for preparation of a regulatory impact assessment (RIA) reports

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Methodology 2: Methodology for Corruption proofing of Legislation

Scope: Draft-laws and passed laws

Frequency: As planned by the competent institution (State Commission for Prevention of Corruption)

Methodology for relevant statistical system for monitoring of anti-corruption policy:

Scope: Modules 1- Criminal Cases Tracking, Module 2 - Misdemeanour Cases Tracking, Module 3 - Related disciplinary proceedings case tracking, Module 4 - Tracking of actions taken upon initiatives submitted by the State Commission for Prevention of Corruption (that don't refer to criminal cases), Modules 5 and 6 - Integrity policy elements/measures applied by a selected institutions and Individual training needs survey (for staff of selected institutions)

Frequency: Modules 1-4 to be applied continuously, Modules 5 and 6 - as requested made by the dedicated working group.

2. Please describe the institutional setup for assessing the effectiveness of the anti-corruption framework. Which institutions are involved in the assessment? Is there a mechanism for interagency cooperation in assessing the effectiveness of the anti-corruption framework? Does your country engage with academia, civil society and the private sector throughout these processes?

Key institutions involved: the Ministry of Justice and the State Commission for Prevention of Corruption

Mechanism for interagency cooperation: Inter-agency Body for Coordination of Anti-corruption Activities

Engagement with academia, civil society and the private sector: NGOs are regularly represented in the working groups for preparation of draft-regulation, including in the preparation of RIA/ex-post assessment. Interested NGOs may observe the sessions of the Inter-agency Body, the Inter-agency body holds dedicated sessions with interested NGOs.

3. If your country uses indicators to assess the effectiveness of its anti-corruption framework, please describe the indicators as well as the data sources used.

For each of the passed laws there are specific indicators defined in the related RIA reports. In addition, data and information presented in annual reports with statistics on corruption cases, sectoral risk assessment reports prepared and published by the State Commission for Prevention of Corruption and in the annual reports on the work of the State Commission for Prevention of Corruption and the Public Prosecution Offices are used for assessment of the effectiveness of the anti-corruption framework.

4. Please summarize any findings of the effectiveness assessment. If several exercises have been conducted, have any trends been identified?

Findings of the effectiveness assessment:

Legal gaps and needs to improve human and technical resources of public prosecution offices and law-enforcement agencies have been identified.

Also see the response to question 2 under Part 2 section A of this questionnaire.

5. How does your institution or country use the results of the assessments to inform policy-making? Has your country amended its anti-corruption framework in response to the outcomes of the effectiveness assessments?

Yes. Based on the assessments, processes for amending the Law on Prevention of Corruption and Conflict of Interest, and for preparation of new Law on Lobbying and Law on Whistleblower Protection have been initiated.

6. Which challenges has your country encountered in assessing the effectiveness of anti-corruption frameworks, and which steps have been taken to overcome them?

Challenges in assessing the effectiveness of anti-corruption frameworks: Insufficient methodological guidance and insufficient resources for complete application of the Methodology for relevant statistical system for monitoring of anti-corruption policy.  
Steps taken to overcome them: Technical assistance has been requested and there are ongoing activities to upgrade the current methodology.

7. Which good practices could your country share regarding the measurement the effectiveness of anti-corruption frameworks that could benefit other States?

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8. Has your country been guided by any international efforts aimed at improving or assessing the effectiveness of anti-corruption frameworks (e.g., peer review mechanisms, methodologies provided by international organizations)? If not, are there any tools or measures by international organizations that you would consider helpful in this regard (e.g., guidance on data collection, provision of tools, stronger focus on effectiveness in peer reviews)?

Guiding international efforts: Peer review mechanisms and methodologies provided by the European Commission  
Helpful tools or measures by international organizations: Data collection and indicators used for the preparation of the OECD Competitiveness in South East Europe Outlook report

9. Please insert any information you would like to add, such as descriptions of indicators or links to sources or reports.

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## Part 2 - National experiences with corruption measurement

### A. Existing national or sub-national mechanisms to measure corruption and/or the effectiveness of anti-corruption frameworks

1. Does your country have any mechanisms in place to quantify or measure corruption? Please briefly summarize the methodology and scope (e.g. national, regional, sectoral) and frequency of the measurement process.

There are no mechanisms to quantify corruption. Case tracking methodology is implemented and annual reports with statistics on corruption cases are regularly prepared. The annual reports contain statistical data, narrative information about particular cases and summary of relevant reports on the situation with perception of corruption in the country.

2. Please summarize any findings of the measurement exercises. If several exercises have been conducted, have any trends been identified?

Concluding remarks from the Annual report 2022:

Characteristic for the year 2022 are the judgments passed based on a settlement proposal and the imposed measures of confiscation of property and property benefits, the number of suspended sentences and the positive trend of increasing the number of judgments passed, while the year 2021 was characterized by the increase in general activity in handling corruption cases, especially in the part of court proceedings in high-profile corruption cases.

No significant improvement in case-solving efficiency is observed. It is necessary to take regulatory and non-regulatory measures, including for strengthening capacities, for proactivity in conducting investigations, especially financial investigations, applying and overcoming obstacles to the effective application of confiscation and asset recovery measures, as well as for management of risks in the Justice sector that may affect the success of the court proceedings in the corruption cases.

3. Which institutions are involved in the measurement efforts (e.g. Ministry/ies, Anti-Corruption Agency, Civil Service Commission, Ethics Commission, National Statistical Office, Supreme Audit Institution, procurement authority, tax authority, law enforcement authority)? Is there a mechanism for interagency cooperation in measuring corruption?

Institutions involved: the Ministry of Justice, the Public Prosecution Office and the State Commission for Prevention of Corruption.

Mechanisms for interagency cooperation:

- Working group for review and update of the methodology for relevant statistical system for monitoring of the anti-corruption policy (technical body)
- Inter-agency body for coordination of anti-corruption activities (body focused on policy guidance and institutional cooperation and coordination)

4. Does your country engage with academia, civil society and the private sector in measuring corruption?

Deliverables, such as surveys and reports delivered and published by academia, civil society and the private sector are used along with other data and information used in order to assess the situation with corruption in the country.

5. Which challenges has your country encountered in measuring corruption and which steps have been taken to overcome them? *E.g. Lack of resources, lack of methodological guidance, lack of technical capacity, lack of credibility of data, lack of legislation and procedures in place, multiplicity of data collection approaches, multiplicity of data sources and formats*

1. Challenge: Insufficient methodological guidance, lack of credibility of data, multiplicity of data collection approaches, multiplicity of data sources and formats

Measures undertaken:

- Methodology developed for relevant statistical system for monitoring of anti-corruption policy, adopted in 2013, to be updated (ongoing activity);
- Web-based IT solution for collecting and processing of statistical data for prevention and repression of corruption and money laundering (AKstats), developed and put in operation, 2019, to be upgraded;
- Working group tasked to review the Methodology and to provide guidance for the use of AKstats, established.

2. Challenge: Lack of resources and technical capacity:

Measures undertaken:

- Technical assistance requested and financial support secured for upgrade of AKstats (ongoing project).

6. Which good practices could your country share regarding the measurement of corruption that could benefit other States?

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## B. Specific areas of corruption, indicators and sources

### 1. Which types of corruption does your country measure and which specific indicators does your country use to assess the level of corruption?

Please tick or describe the indicators your country uses to measure corruption.

	Direct measures (e.g. prevalence of corruption collected through surveys)	Perception (among general population or selected groups collected through surveys)	Risk constraints (factors that deter corruption, e.g. use of e-governance)	Risks Opportunities (Factors that enable corruption; e.g. little oversight)	Legislative response ( <i>de jure</i> ; e.g. law in place)	(Criminal) Justice response ( <i>de facto</i> ; e.g. arrests, convictions for corruption offences)
Bribery	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Click or tap here to enter text.	Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> Click or tap here to enter text.	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Click or tap here to enter text.	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Click or tap here to enter text.	Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> Click or tap here to enter text.	Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> Click or tap here to enter text.
Embezzlement/misappropriation	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Click or tap here to enter text.	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Click or tap here to enter text.	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Click or tap here to enter text.	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Click or tap here to enter text.	Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> Click or tap here to enter text.	Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> Click or tap here to enter text.
Money-laundering	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Click or tap here to enter text.	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Click or tap here to enter text.	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Click or tap here to enter text.	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Click or tap here to enter text.	Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> Click or tap here to enter text.	Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> Click or tap here to enter text.
Illicit enrichment	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Click or tap here to enter text.	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Click or tap here to enter text.	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Click or tap here to enter text.	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Click or tap here to enter text.	Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> Click or tap here to enter text.	Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> Click or tap here to enter text.
Abuse of functions	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Click or tap here to enter text.	Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> Click or tap here to enter text.	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Click or tap here to enter text.	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Click or tap here to enter text.	Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> Click or tap here to enter text.	Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> Click or tap here to enter text.
Public hiring based on merit	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Click or tap here to enter text.	Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> Click or tap here to enter text.	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Click or tap here to enter text.	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Click or tap here to enter text.	Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> Click or tap here to enter text.	Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> Click or tap here to enter text.

	Direct measures (e.g. prevalence of corruption collected through surveys)	Perception (among general population or selected groups collected through surveys)	Risk constraints (factors that deter corruption, e.g. use of e-governance)	Risks Opportunities (Factors that enable corruption; e.g. little oversight)	Legislative response ( <i>de jure</i> ; e.g. law in place)	(Criminal) Justice response ( <i>de facto</i> ; e.g. arrests, convictions for corruption offences)
Independence and integrity of the judiciary	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Click or tap here to enter text.	Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> Click or tap here to enter text.	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Click or tap here to enter text.	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Click or tap here to enter text.	Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> Click or tap here to enter text.	Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> Click or tap here to enter text.
Conflict of interest	Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> Click or tap here to enter text.	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Click or tap here to enter text.	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Click or tap here to enter text.	Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> Click or tap here to enter text.	Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> Click or tap here to enter text.	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Click or tap here to enter text.
Management of Public finances	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Click or tap here to enter text.	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Click or tap here to enter text.	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Click or tap here to enter text.	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Click or tap here to enter text.	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Click or tap here to enter text.	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Click or tap here to enter text.
Public procurement	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Click or tap here to enter text.	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Click or tap here to enter text.	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Click or tap here to enter text.	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Click or tap here to enter text.	Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> Click or tap here to enter text.	Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> Click or tap here to enter text.
Candidature for and election to public office	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Click or tap here to enter text.	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Click or tap here to enter text.	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Click or tap here to enter text.	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Click or tap here to enter text.	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Click or tap here to enter text.	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Click or tap here to enter text.
Preventive measures for the private sector	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Click or tap here to enter text.	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Click or tap here to enter text.	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Click or tap here to enter text.	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Click or tap here to enter text.	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Click or tap here to enter text.	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Click or tap here to enter text.
Preventive measures for state-owned enterprises	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Click or tap here to enter text.	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Click or tap here to enter text.	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Click or tap here to enter text.	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Click or tap here to enter text.	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Click or tap here to enter text.	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Click or tap here to enter text.
Training programmes	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Click or tap here to enter text.	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Click or tap here to enter text.	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Click or tap here to enter text.	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Click or tap here to enter text.	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Click or tap here to enter text.	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Click or tap here to enter text.

	Direct measures (e.g. prevalence of corruption collected through surveys)	Perception (among general population or selected groups collected through surveys)	Risk constraints (factors that deter corruption, e.g. use of e-governance)	Risks Opportunities (Factors that enable corruption; e.g. little oversight)	Legislative response ( <i>de jure</i> ; e.g. law in place)	(Criminal) Justice response ( <i>de facto</i> ; e.g. arrests, convictions for corruption offences)
Resources allocated to fight corruption	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Click or tap here to enter text.	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Click or tap here to enter text.	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Click or tap here to enter text.	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> Click or tap here to enter text.	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Click or tap here to enter text.	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Click or tap here to enter text.
Public reporting and access to information	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Click or tap here to enter text.	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Click or tap here to enter text.	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Click or tap here to enter text.	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Click or tap here to enter text.	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Click or tap here to enter text.	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Click or tap here to enter text.
Protection of reporting persons	Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> Click or tap here to enter text.	Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> Click or tap here to enter text.	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Click or tap here to enter text.	Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> Click or tap here to enter text.	Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> Click or tap here to enter text.	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Click or tap here to enter text.
Other: Click or tap here to enter text.	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> Click or tap here to enter text.	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> Click or tap here to enter text.	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> Click or tap here to enter text.	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> Click or tap here to enter text.	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> Click or tap here to enter text.	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> Click or tap here to enter text.
Other: Click or tap here to enter text.	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> Click or tap here to enter text.	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> Click or tap here to enter text.	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> Click or tap here to enter text.	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> Click or tap here to enter text.	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> Click or tap here to enter text.	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> Click or tap here to enter text.
Other: Click or tap here to enter text.	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> Click or tap here to enter text.	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> Click or tap here to enter text.	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> Click or tap here to enter text.	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> Click or tap here to enter text.	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> Click or tap here to enter text.	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> Click or tap here to enter text.
Other: Click or tap here to enter text.	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> Click or tap here to enter text.	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> Click or tap here to enter text.	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> Click or tap here to enter text.	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> Click or tap here to enter text.	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> Click or tap here to enter text.	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> Click or tap here to enter text.



Please insert any information you would like to add, such as descriptions of indicators or links to sources or reports.

2. Which methods and data sources does your country use to measure corruption?

- Population surveys
- Business surveys
- Public official surveys
- Administrative records
- Procurement data
- Banking data
- Criminal justice records
- Other:

### C. Data collection and use

1. How does your country ensure the validity and integrity of the data collected on corruption?

Cross check with others sources, such as NGO reports on monitoring court cases and announcements published by the Public Prosecutors Offices and the Ministry of Interior.

2. Are policies or mechanisms in place to

- Discuss and agree on data objectives, priorities and scope between relevant stakeholders
- Collect data to measure corruption systematically
- Collect data disaggregated by
  - sex
  - age
- Validate the accuracy and impartiality of the data collected to measure corruption
- Facilitate data sharing across institutions
- Integrate data from different sources
- Ensure easy access to data
- Release information on the measurement of corruption on regular basis (monthly, yearly)

3. Which technological tools or systems are employed by your country in the collection and analysis of relevant data?

Web-based IT solution for collecting and processing of statistical data for prevention and repression of corruption and money laundering (AKstats).

4. How does your country utilize the data on corruption to inform policy-making and anti-corruption strategies?

Data are used in:  
- Identifying vulnerable sectors that need to be prioritised and addressed with measures under the national anti-corruption policy documents  
- Defining progress or performance indicators  
- Regulatory impact assessment

5. Has your country participated in any international efforts or collaborations aimed at improving the measurement of corruption? If not, which efforts would you find helpful to inform your national measurement work?

There has been no participation in any international efforts or collaborations aimed at improving the measurement of corruption. Efforts made by the UNODC and OECD would be helpful.

6. If your country does not currently measure corruption, can you indicate why? Would any international efforts, e.g., those by international organizations, be helpful to inform national efforts in this regard? Which tools, support or other measures would you consider helpful?

Corruption is not measured due to lack of adequate methodological guidance. Yes, international efforts would be helpful to inform national efforts.